GCSE Physics: what you need to know

Electricity

Current, potential difference and resistance	I can do this already	Covered in	Strength	Weakness	I have revised this	Book references
I can draw the circuit symbols for: a switch (open or closed), cell , battery , diode (and LED), resistor (fixed and variable), bulb , fuse , voltmeter , ammeter , thermistor and LDR .						
I can describe the difference between series and parallel circuits.						
I can explain what is meant by the term electric current .						
I understand that the <u>size</u> of an electric current is equal to the 'rate of flow of charge'.						
I can recall the equation that links current, charge and time, and give the units of each of these quantities.						
I can describe how electric <u>current</u> varies around series and parallel circuits.						
I understand that a current will only flow in a circuit if there is a source potential difference (such as a power supply, battery or cell).						
I understand that potential difference is another name for 'voltage'.						
I can explain what the potential difference between two points in a circuit tells us.						
I can recall the equation that links potential difference , energy and charge, and give the units of each of these quantities.						
I can describe how <u>potential difference</u> varies around series and parallel circuits.						
 I can describe an experiment to investigate the effect of potential difference on the current flowing through a i) filament bulb, ii) resistor and, iii) light-emitting diode (LED). My description will include a detailed method and circuit diagrams. I will be able to explain the purpose of each component in the circuit. 						
I can recall the equation that links potential difference , current and resistance , and give the units of each of these quantities.						
I can <u>describe</u> the effect of potential difference on the current flowing through i) a filament bulb, ii) a resistor and, iii) a light-emitting diode (LED) • in words • by sketching labelled graphs.						
I can use the idea of resistance to <u>explain</u> the effect of potential difference on the current flowing through a i) filament bulb, ii) resistor and, iii) light-emitting diode (LED).						
I can explain how to calculate the total resistance of two or more resistors that are connected in <u>series</u> .						
I understand that the total resistance of two resistors connected in <u>parallel</u> is less than the resistance of the smallest individual resistor.						
I can describe an experiment to investigate the relationship between the length of a wire and its resistance.						
I can describe the relationship between the length of a wire and its resistance.						
I can describe an experiment to investigate the resistance of resistors that are connected in series and in parallel.						
I can describe the <u>variation of resistance with temperature</u> for a NTC-type thermistor • in words • by sketching a labelled graph.						
I can describe some uses of thermistors.						
I can describe the <u>variation of resistance with light intensity</u> for a LDR (light dependent resistor) • in words • by sketching a labelled graph.						
I can describe some uses of LDRs.						

Book references:

H = *Physics* by England and Whitney (published by Hodder)



O = *Physics* by Breithaupt (published by Oxford)



Equations you must learn

Equation that links current, charge and time	
Equation that links potential difference , energy and charge	
Equation that links potential difference , current and resistance	